



REPUBLIC OF NAMIBIA

MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY

PRIVATE BAG 13344
WINDHOEK
NAMIBIA

OFFICE OF THE MINISTER

Tel: +264 61 283 2389
Fax: +264 61 222 343
Email: Minister-Office@mict.gov.na

To: All Media Houses

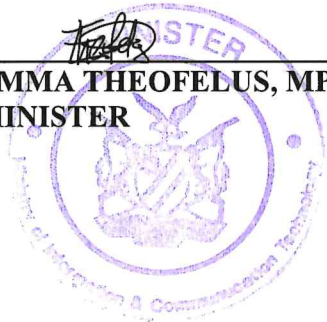
Date: 2 October 2025

DECISIONS ISSUED AT THE 23rd (2025) CABINET MEETING

Please find attached, the Cabinet Decisions of the 23rd Cabinet Meeting held on Tuesday, 30 September 2025.

Yours Sincerely,


EMMA THEOFELUS, MP
MINISTER



1. INTEGRATED NATIONAL FINANCING FRAMEWORK (INFF)

Cabinet approved the adoption of the Integrated National Financing Framework (INFF) aimed at strengthening the country-financing ecosystem and mobilize finance for development plans, including a strategy to boost private sector investment.

2. TABLING OF THE INTERNATIONAL LABOUR ORGANISATION (ILO) INSTRUMENTS BEFORE THE COMPETENT AUTHORITY (NATIONAL ASSEMBLY) IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE 19 OF THE INTERNATIONAL LABOUR ORGANISATION CONSTITUTION

Cabinet approved the tabling of the following International Labour Organisation (ILO) Instruments by the Minister before the competent authority (National Assembly), in accordance with Namibia's obligations under Article 19 of the ILO Constitution, as listed below:

- a) Convention on Prevention and Protection against Biological Hazards, 2025 (No. 192);
- b) Recommendation on Prevention and Protection against Biological Hazards, 2025 (No. 209);
- c) Recommendation on Violence and Harassment at Work, 2019 (No. 206);
- d) Convention on Safety and Healthy Working Environment (Consequential Amendments), 2023 (No. 191);
- e) Recommendation on Safety and Healthy Working Environment (Consequential Amendments), 2023 (No. 207); and
- f) Recommendation on Quality Apprenticeships, 2023 (No. 208).

3. NAMIBIA LIVELIHOOD VULNERABILITY ASSESSMENT AND ANALYSIS (VAA) REPORT, 2025/2026

Cabinet endorsed the outcome of the Livelihood Vulnerability Assessment and Analysis (VAA) Report for 2025/2026.

Cabinet directed the Office of the Prime Minister to carry out a chronic food insecurity assessment, to help identify the underlying, long-term drivers of hunger beyond short-term shocks to provide evidence for targeted policies and programs that strengthen resilience, improve livelihoods, and reduce reliance on emergency relief, thereby supporting sustainable food security in the country;

Cabinet directed the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries, Water and Land Reform to strengthen veterinary and pest control services; enhance timely supply of agricultural inputs such as tractors, fuel, and seeds; and ensure fair land access for home/community gardens, prioritizing marginalized groups and women to boost resilience, in consultation with Local Authorities;

Cabinet directed the Office of the Vice-President; and the Ministry of Gender Equality and Child Welfare to continue with the provision of welfare grants to qualified beneficiaries, as well the provision of food assistance to marginalized communities and the Conditional Basic Income Grant through cash transfer (previously known as Food Bank) to qualifying beneficiaries in urban and peri-urban areas;

Cabinet directed the Ministry of Health and Social Services to strengthen the first one-thousand (1,000) days nutrition campaign due to high stunting rates (29.5%) as per the SMART survey



2024; and conduct SMART surveys annually to ensure continuous and reliable monitoring of nutrition and food security trends.

Cabinet also directed the Ministry of Urban Rural Development; and Regional Councils to introduce Food-For-Work programmes to provide immediate food support to vulnerable households, while engaging them in community development activities, in both urban and rural areas; and

Cabinet further directed the Ministry of Industries, Mines and Energy, supported by the Electricity Control Board to strengthen the awareness creation for the Solar Revolving fund to build resilience.

4. 2023/2024: ANNUAL REPORT OF THE OFFICE OF THE JUDICIARY

Cabinet took note of the 2023/2024 Annual Report of the Office of the Judiciary; and authorised the Minister of Justice and Labour Relations to table the report in the National Assembly.

The report indicates that the reintroduction of circuit courts in Rundu and Katima Mulilo stands out as a successful initiative, with plans for the establishment of additional circuit courts in other areas contingent upon demand. Furthermore, the introduction of mediation services has proven effective, with an average of seven-hundred (700) mediations scheduled annually and a success rate ranging between 48% and 52%.

The High Court has also maintained an average on-time delivery rate of judgments at 70%. The Judiciary also advanced efforts to modernize court operations through digitalization while advancing a greater collaboration with the legal fraternity, civil society, and Government stakeholders.

//END//

